AUDIT REPORT

YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2008

Auditing Procedures Report

Instructions and MuniCodes

*=Required Fields



Issued under Public Act 2 of 1968, as amended. (V1.07)

Unit Name* VILLAGE OF CENTREVILLE	County* ST. JO	SEPH	Type* VILLAGE	MuniCode* 75-3-020	
Opinion Date-Use Calendar Aug 1, 2008	Audit Submitted-Use Calendar*	Dec 16, 2008	Fiscal Year End Month* 03	Fiscal Year 2008	

If a local unit of government (authorities & commissions included) is operating within the boundaries of the audited entity and is NOT included in this or any other audit report, nor do they obtain a stand-alone audit, enclose the name(s), address(es), and a description(s) of the authority and/or commission.

Place a check next to each "Yes" or non-applicable question below. Questions left unmarked should be those you wish to answer "No."

"NC) . "	
X	?	. Are all required component units/funds/agencies of the local unit included in the financial statements and/or disclosed in the reporting entity notes to the financial statements?
Х	?	
X	? :	Were the local unit's actual expenditures within the amounts authorized in the budget?
×	?	
X	? 5	. Did the local unit adopt a budget for all required funds?
×	?	
×	?	. Is the local unit in compliance with the Revised Municipal Finance Act, an order issued under the Emergency Municipal Loan Act, and other guidance as issued by the Local Audit and Finance Division?
X	?	
X	? 9	. Do all deposits/investments comply with statutory requirements including the adoption of an investment policy?
×		
×		 Is the unit free of any indications of fraud or illegal acts that came to your attention during the course of audit that have not been previously communicated to the Local Audit and Finance Division? (If there is such activity, please submit a separate report under separate cover.)
X	?	
×	? 1:	3. Is the audit opinion unqualified? 14. If not, what type of opinion is it? NA
X		
X	? 14	6. Has the board or council approved all disbursements prior to payment as required by charter or statute?
X	?	
X	?18	3. Are there reported deficiencies?
	Gei	Peral Fund Revenue:
	\vdash	neral Fund Expenditure: \$\frac{2}{5}\$ \$478,629.00 Governmental Activities Long-Term Debt (see instructions): \$\frac{2}{7}\$

We affirm that we are certified public accountants (CPA) licensed to practice in Michigan. We further affirm the above responses have been disclosed in the financial statements, including the notes, or in the Management Letter (reported deviations).

CPA (First Name)* RICKY	Last Name* STRAWSER	Ten Digit Lice			
CPA Street Address* 123 NORTH MAIN ST	City* THREE RIVERS	State*MI	Zip Code* 49093	Telephone*	+1 (269) 273-8641
CPA Firm Name* NORMAN & PAULSEN PC	Unit's Street Address* 212 W MAIN		Unit's CENTREVILLE		Unit's 49032

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Norman & Paulsen, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

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We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the component unit, and each major fund of the Village of Centreville, Michigan as of and for the year ended March 31, 2008, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Village's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the component unit, and each major fund, of the Village of Centreville, Michigan as of March 31, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Donald L. Paulsen, CPA
Patrick J. Monahan, CPA
Bruce S. A. Gosling, CPA
Michael R. Wilson, CPA
Rick L. Strawser, CPA
Jerrel T. Norman (1941-1982)

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated August 1, 2008, on our consideration of the Village of Centreville, Michigan's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information beginning on pages iii through x and pages 23 through 25 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Nowant Pankern

Norman & Paulsen, P.C.

Three Rivers, Michigan August 1, 2008

As management of the Village of Centreville, we offer readers of the Village of Centreville's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Village of Centreville for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2008. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished. This discussion contains comparative analysis when prior year information is available.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the Village of Centreville exceeded its liabilities at March 31, 2008 by \$4,159,261. Of this amount unrestricted net assets of \$984,853 may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- Total net assets increased by \$42,428. Of this amount, (\$9,361) was associated with governmental and \$51,789 with business type activities.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Village of Centreville's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1,758,045. Of this amount \$729,701 is unreserved and available for spending.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance for the general fund was \$75,076, or 15.69% of total general fund expenditures.
- The Village of Centreville's total debt obligations is \$2,730,000. This is a decrease of \$114,000 from the prior year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Village of Centreville's basic financial statements. The Village of Centreville's basic financial statements are comprised of 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Village of Centreville's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all the Village's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Village is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Village that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Village of Centreville include general government, public safety, parks and recreation, community services, community development and other charges. The major business-type activities of the Village include the water and sewer systems.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the Village of Centreville itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate Centreville Downtown Development Authority, a component unit of the Village. Financial information for the component unit is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

Fund Financial Statements A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The village, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Village of Centreville can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financial decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between the two.

The Village maintains three individual governmental funds: General, Major Street, and Local Street. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances. Individual fund data for each of these governmental funds is provided.

The Village of Centreville adopts a one year budget for its general fund. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for the general, major street, and local street funds to demonstrate compliance with the fiscal year end March 31, 2008 budget.

Proprietary Funds The Village of Centreville maintains two different types of proprietary funds: enterprise funds and an internal service fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Village maintains two individual enterprise funds: Sewer Fund and Water Fund. Information is presented separately in the proprietary statement of net assets and the proprietary statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net assets for the Sewer and Water funds, which are considered major funds. Internal service funds are used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the Village's various functions. The Village of Centreville uses an internal service fund to account for its fleet maintenance.

Notes to the Financial Statements The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain other required supplementary information. Within this section are budget comparisons for all major governmental funds.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At March 31, 2008, the Village's assets exceeded liabilities by \$4,159,261. Capital assets are used to provide services to citizens. It should be noted that the resources needed to repay the remaining debt of capital assets must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The following is a comparative statement of changes in net assets.

Village of Centreville's Net Assets

		mmental		ess-type	T	1	
		ivities		vities	Total		
	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007	
Assets							
Current and other assets	\$ 812,514	\$ 822,457	\$ 966,290	\$ 907,583	\$1,778,804	\$1,730,040	
Capital assets	1,028,344	1,007,129	4,198,848	4,329,362	5,227,192	5,336,491	
Total assets	<u>\$1,840,858</u>	<u>\$1,829,586</u>	<u>\$5,165,138</u>	<u>\$5,236,945</u>	<u>\$7,005,996</u>	\$7,066,531	
Liabilities							
Long-term liabilities outstanding	\$	\$ -	\$2,730,000	\$2,844,000	\$2,730,000	\$2,844,000	
Other liabilities	51,977	62,180	33,922	43,518	<u>85,899</u>	105,698	
Total Liabilities	<u>\$ 51,977</u>	\$ 62,180	\$2,763,922	<u>\$2,887,518</u>	<u>\$2,815,899</u>	<u>\$2,949,698</u>	
Net Assets							
Invested in Capital Assets,							
Net of Related Debt	\$1,028,344	\$1,007,129	\$1,468,848	\$1,485,362	\$2,497,192	\$2,492,491	
Restricted	-	-	677,216	640,088	677,216	640,088	
Unrestricted	729,701	<u>760,277</u>	255,152	223,977	984,853	984,254	
Total Net Assets	<u>\$1,758,045</u>	\$1,767,406	\$2,401,216	\$2,349,427	<u>\$4,159,261</u>	\$4,116,833	

Village of Centreville's Changes in Net Assets

Revenues:		Governmental Activities 2008 2007			ess-type ivities 2007	T 2008	otal 2007	
Program revenues:								
Charges for services	\$	69,584	\$	74,616	\$474,313	\$ 461,695	\$ 543,897	\$ 536,311
Operating grants and								
Contributions		4,234		4,018	-	-	4,234	4,018
General revenues:								
Property taxes		247,566		266,494	-	-	247,566	266,494
State revenue sharing		257,602		259,651	-	-	257,602	259,651
Licenses and permits		11,671		20,813	-	-	11,671	20,813
Grants, unrestricted		7,176		8,628	-	-	7,176	8,628
Interest		26,610		26,407	30,960	24,889	57 ,57 0	51,296
Other		8,059	_	6,996	1,255	-	9,314	6,996
Total Revenues		632,502		667,623	506,528	486,584	1,139,030	1,154,207
Expenses:								
General government		193,072		246,114	-	-	193,072	246,114
Public safety		305,551		318,840	-	-	305,551	318,840
Public works		123,649		61,465	-	_	123,649	61,465
Health and welfare		16,799		15,943	-	-	16,799	15,943
Sewer and water		-		-	454,739	447,999	454,739	447,999
Depreciation - unallocated	_	2,792	_	2,792		-	2792	2,792
Total Expenses	_	641,863	_	645,154	454,739	447,999	1,096,602	1,093,153
Increase in net assets		(9,361)		22,469	51,789	38,585	42,428	61,054
Net Assets - Beginning of Year	_1	.767,406	_	1,744,937	2,349,427	2,310,842	4,116,833	4,055,779
Net Assets - End of Year	<u>\$1</u>	,758,045	\$	51 <u>,767,406</u>	\$2,401,216	\$2,349,427	<u>\$4,159,261</u>	<u>\$4,116,833</u>

Governmental Activities Governmental activities decreased the Village's net assets by \$9,361 accounting for a 22.06 percent reduction of the total growth in the net assets. Key elements of this decrease are as follows:

- > Over several years the Village received property taxes on a Village parcel purchased through a tax sale during FYE 03-31-2006. This year's tax revenue was reduced by the amount of taxes due back to the County.
- Economic labor conditions caused a significant decrease in income that the property owners' chose not to spend on improvements requiring Village permits & other related fees.

Business-type Activities Business-type activities increased the Village's net assets by \$51,789, accounting for 122.06 percent of the total growth in the government's net assets. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- \triangleright Water rates were increased and collected to reserve funds to cover future water tower maintenance costs when the time comes (every 5 7 years).
- Due to weather related clean up activities, the Village employees actual work time was spent in the governmental activities which lowered wages, payroll expenses & benefits, fuel, and equipment use costs within the enterprise funds.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Village of Centreville uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Government Funds The purpose of the Village's governmental fund financial statements is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Village's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The general fund is the Village's chief operating fund. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance of the general fund was \$75,076 while the total fund balance totaled \$138,228. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unreserved fund balance represents 15.69 percent of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 28.88 percent of that same amount.

Proprietary funds The Village's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements in the business activities columns, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net assets of the Sewer and Water funds at the end of the year were \$91,015 and \$169,142, respectively. The total growth was \$39,238 and \$11,681, respectively, for those same funds. Other factors concerning the finances of these funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the Village's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The final general fund budget projected a deficit of \$25,854 or \$4,928 less than the original budget. Actual revenues were \$51,590 less than the amended revenue budget, whereas expenditures were \$79,036 less than the amended budget. The \$27,446 difference is briefly summarized below:

- (\$30,836) tax revenue received in prior fiscal years on parcel #75-042-055-230-00 to be paid back to the County.
- \$10,708 the net between unrealized public service revenue and unrealized costs.
- \$29,291 wages and payroll related expenses not paid from general fund due to various storms that required actual time spent in other fund areas.
- \$18,283 other costs budgeted for but not realized were from:
 - 1) equipment charges to the internal service fund
 - 2) fuel costs
 - 3) utility costs

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets The Village's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2008 amounts to \$119,893. This investment in capital assets includes sewer and water system equipment.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- ♦ \$84,342 resurfacing streets
- ♦ \$12,603 new JD mower purchased
- \$18,028 portable generator purchased
- ♦ \$ 4,920 new roof on DPW building located at 134 N Dean St.

Long-term debt At the end of the current fiscal year, the Village had \$2,730,000 in outstanding debt consisting of revenue bonds. All of the debt was secured by specific revenue sources.

Village of Centreville's Outstanding Debt

		ımental vities	Busines. Activi	• •	Total		
	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007	
Revenue bonds	\$	\$	\$2,730,000	\$2,844,000	\$2,730,000	\$2,844,000	

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The Village of Centreville Council has shown fiscal responsibility in its planning for budget and spending practices. As in prior years, the March 31, 2008 fiscal year end was full of uncertain revenue as well as expenses. Monthly reports are submitted to the Village council. These reports provide "actual" information related to the projections. Budgets for the March 31, 2009 fiscal year end were developed based upon the following assumptions.

- > State of Michigan. The State's Statutory and Constitutional revenue sharing remains a major source of general fund revenue. The Council has remained very conservative and projected only a 1.32% budget increase.
- Investment income. The investment income was projected similar to the March 31, 2008 fiscal year revenue. Interest rates have taken a sharp decline since the budget was approved. Revenue from this source will be carefully watched.
- ➤ Local Street County millage revenue. The millage rate may be affected with a roll back. As in the past, all revenue from this source will be restricted to local street improvement projects.
- Enterprise fund rates. The rates are anticipated to remain the same as prior year. A slight increase in revenue should still be realized from the water tower maintenance fees. This will be the first fiscal year that twelve (12) months of water tower maintenance fees will be collected.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Village of Centreville's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or request for additional financial information should be addressed to the Village of Centreville, 212 W Main Street, PO Box 399, Centreville, MI 49032.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS MARCH 31, 2008

	Primary Government							
	Governmental		Business -Type					omponent
		Activities	Activities		Totai			Units
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	235,748	\$	221,788	\$	457,536	\$	131,270
Certificates of deposit		468,621				468,621		100,000
Receivables (net)		44,315		67,454		111,769		154
Internal balances		678		(168)		510		(510)
Prepaid expenses		10,171		-		10,171		-
Restricted cash/certificates of deposit		52,981		677,216		730,197		-
Capital assets - net		1,028,344		4,198,848		5,227,192		116,752
Total Assets	\$	1,840,858	\$	5,165,138	\$	7,005,996	\$	347,666
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable		40,258		1,527		41,785		-
Accrued payroll and other liabilities		11,719		32,395		44,114		6
Noncurrent liabilities								
Due within one year		-		119,000		119,000		-
Due in more than one year		-		2,61 <u>1,000</u>		<u>2,611,000</u>		
Total Liabilities		51,977	\$	2,763,922	\$	2,815,899	_\$	6
NET ASSETS								
Invested in capital assets								
Net of related debt	\$	1,028,344	\$	1,468,848	\$	2,497,192	\$	-
Restricted for								
Debt service		-		677,216		677,216		-
Unrestricted	_	729,701		255,152		984,853		347,660
Total Net Assets	\$	1,758,045	\$	2,401,216	\$	4,159,261	\$	347,660

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2008

		Program Revenues							
					erating	Capital Grants and			
			arges for	_ , _	ants and				
Functions/Programs	 Expenses	s	ervices	Con	<u>tributions</u>	Contributions			
Primary Government									
General government	\$ 193,072	\$	80	\$	-	\$	-		
Public safety	305,551		67,012		4,234		-		
Public works	123,649		-		-		-		
Health and welfare	16,799		2,492		-		-		
Depreciation-unallocated	2,792		<u> </u>						
Total Governmental Activities	641,863		69,584		4,234		-		
Business - Type Activities									
Water and Sewer	 454,739		474,313						
Total Primary Government	1,096,602		543,897		4,234				
Component units:									
Downtown Development Authority	56,752		<u>-</u>				-		
Total Component Units	\$ 56,752	\$		\$	` _	\$			

General Revenues

Property Taxes
State-Shared Revenues
Licenses and Permits
Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to Specific Programs
Unrestricted Investment Earnings
Miscellaneous

Total General Revenues - Transfers

Change in Net Assets

Net Assets - Beginning of Year

Net Assets - End of Year

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

			ary Governmer	nt					
Go	vernmental	Bu	siness -Type			Component			
	Activities		Activities		Total	Units			
\$	(192,992)	\$	_	\$	(192,992)	\$	_		
Ψ	(234,305)	•		•	(234,305)	•			
	(123,649)		_		(123,649)		-		
	(14,307)		_		(14,307)		-		
	(2,792)		-		(2,792)		-		
	(568,045)		-		(568,045)		*		
			19,574		19,574				
	(568,045)	_	19,574	_	(548,471)				
							(56,752)		
\$	-		<u>-</u>		-	\$	(56,752)		
					0.17.555				
	247,566		-		247,566		82,868		
	257,602 11,671		-		257,602 11,671		-		
	7,176		_		7,176		_		
	26,610		30,960		57,570		3,118		
	8,059		1,255		9,314		-		
	558,684		32,215		590,899		85,986		
	(9,361)		51,789		42,428		29,234		
	1,767,406		2,349,427		4,116,833		318,426		
\$	1,758,045	\$	2,401,216	\$	4,159,261	\$	347,660		

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS MARCH 31, 2008

	General Fund			Major Street Fund		Local Street Fund		Total vernmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	137,671	\$	71,363	\$	2,786	\$	211,820
Certificates of deposit	Ψ	137,071	Ψ	209,519	Ψ	180,664	Ψ	390,183
Receivables (Net)		18,037		7,632		18,646		44,315
Due from other funds		678		-		1,830		2,508
Prepaid expenses		10,171		-		•		10,171
Restricted cash/certificates of deposit		52,981		-		•		52,981
Total Assets	\$	219,538	\$	288,514	\$	203,926	\$	711,978
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	39,248	\$	247	\$	-	\$	39,495
Other accrued liabilities		11,226		138		158		11,522
Due to other funds		-		1,830		-		1,830
Due to other governments		30,836		-				30,836
Total Liabilities	\$	81,310		2,215	\$	158	\$	83,683
FUND BALANCES								
Reserved for								
Restricted assets	\$	52,981	\$	1,830	\$	-	\$	54,811
Prepaid expenses		10,171		-		-		10,171
Unrestricted		75,076		284,469		203,768		563,313
Total Fund Balances	\$	138,228	\$	286,299	\$	203,768		628,295
Amounts reported for governmental acti	vities	in the statem	ent of	net assets ar	e diffe	rent because:		
Capital assets used in accurrenants	al antic	ition are not	6 none	ial raeauraea		a net		
Capital assets used in governmenta reported in the funds.	ii aciiv	Alles are not	manc	ar resources	and ar	e not		862,717
Internal service funds are used to c vehicle pool maintenance to individ								
service funds are included in gover								267,033
Net Assets of Governmental Activit	ies						\$	1,758,045

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2008

	General Fund		Major Street Fund		Local Street Fund		Total vernmental Funds
Revenues Taxes and Penalties Licenses and Permits State Grants Operating contributions Charges for Services Fines and Forfeits Interest and Rentals Other Revenue	\$ 223,844 8,336 153,506 11,410 69,584 3,335 2,908 7,298	\$	- 72,681 - - - 11,033 761	\$	23,722 - 31,415 - - - 8,647 -	\$	247,566 8,336 257,602 11,410 69,584 3,335 22,588 8,059
Total Revenues	480,221		84,475		63,784		628,480
Expenditures Current General Government	187,942		2,992		2,992		193,926
Public Safety	273,888		2,992		2,99 <u>2</u> -		273,888
Public Works	-		49,115		47,099		96,214
Health and Welfare Capital Outlay	 16,799 				- 84,342		16,799 84,342
Total Expenditures	478,629		52,107		134,433		665,169
Excess (deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	1,592		32,368		(70,649)		(36,689)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in Transfers (Out)	<u>.</u>		- (18,170)		18,170 <u>-</u>		18,170 (18,170)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-		(18,170)		18,170		-
Excess of Revenue and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	1,592		14,198		(52,479)		(36,689)
Fund Balance - April 1, 2007	136,636		272,101		256,247		664,984
Fund Balance - March 31, 2008	\$ 138,228	\$	286,299	\$	203,768	\$	628,295

See accompanying notes to financial statements

\$ (36,689) Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; in the statement of activities these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation. 84,342 Capital outlay (63,640) Depreciation expense 20,702 Internal service funds are used to charge the costs of certain activities such as the motor vehicle pool to individual funds. The net revenue of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities (net of income allocated to business - type activities of \$870). Interest income allocated as governmental activities 4,022 2,604 6,626 Income allocated as governmental activities Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities (9,361)



STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS MARCH 31, 2008

	Business - Type Activities Enterprise Funds						vernmental ctivities -	
	Sewer Water					Internal Service		
		Fund	_	Fund	_	Totals		Fund
ASSETS								
Current assets	_	22.44	_	101.070	_	888 768	_	40.000
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	62,114	\$	164,679	\$	226,793	\$	18,923
Certificates of deposit		20 200		27.254		- 67.454		78,438
Receivables, net		30,200		37,254		67,454		-
Due from other funds	_	41				41		
Total current assets		92,355		201,933		294,288		97,361
Noncurrent assets								
Restricted cash and certificates								
of deposit		390,445		286,771		677,216		-
Capital assets		2,403,145		1,795,703		4,198,848		165,627
		, ,		<u> </u>				
Total noncurrent assets		2,793,590		2,082,474	_	4,876,064		165,627
Total Assets	\$_	2,885,945	\$	2,284,407	\$	5,170,352	\$	262,988
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	718	\$	809	\$	1,527	\$	763
Accrued interest payable		-		31,370		31,370		-
Accrued payroll and other liabilities		538		487		1,025		197
Due to other funds		84		125		209		-
Current portion of noncurrent								
liabilities		95,000		24,000		119,000		-
Total current liabilities		96,340		56,791		153,131		960
Noncurrent liabilities								
Bonds, notes and loans payable		1,050,000		1,561,000		2,611,000		-
Total Liabilities	\$	1,146,340	\$	1,617,791	_\$_	2,764,131	_\$	960

business-type activities in the statement of net assets.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS (CONTINUED) PROPRIETARY FUNDS MARCH 31, 2008

		Business - Type Activities Enterprise Funds						ernmental tivities -		
		Sewer Fund		Water Fund		Totals				nal Service Fund
				1 unu		101013		T dilu		
NET ASSETS										
Invested in capital assets -										
Net of related debt	\$	1,258,145	\$	210,703	\$	1,468,848	\$	165,627		
Restricted for										
Debt service		390,445		286,771		677,216		-		
Unrestricted		91,015		169,142		260,157				
Total Net Assets	\$	1,739,605		666,616		2,406,221	\$	165,627		
Reconciliation to the statement of	net assets									
Internal service funds are use such as the motor vehicle and liabilities of certain in	e pool to ind	lividual funds.	The a	ssets						

Net assets of business-type activities

\$ 2,401,216

(5,005)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2008

	Business - Type Activities Enterprise Funds					Governmental Activities -		
		Sewer Fund		Water Fund		Totals	Inte	rnal Service Fund
Operating revenues								
Sewage disposal services	\$	221,862	\$	-	\$	221,862	\$	-
Water sales		-		234,133		234,133		-
Equipment rentals		-		-		-		55,544
Installation and other charges		-		19,573		19,573		-
Total operating revenues		221,862		253,706		475,568		55,544
Operating expenses								
Personnel services		40,144		41,342		81,486		9,683
Contractual services		6,971		15,348		22,319		1,843
Utilities		4,652		10,898		15,550		4,397
Repairs and maintenance		27,485		24,204		51,689		7,976
Other supplies and expenses		14,440		19,406		33,846		11,161
Depreciation		79,215		69,327		148,542		17,010
Total operating expenses		172,907		180,525_		353,432		52,070
Operating income (loss)		48,955		73,181		122,136		3,474
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)								
Interest revenue		17,058		13,902		30,960		4,022
Interest expense		(26,775)		(75,402)		(102,177)		-
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(9,717)		(61,500)		(71,217)		4,022
Change in net assets		39,238		11,681		50,919		7,496
Total net assets - beginning of year		1,700,367		654,935		2,355,302		254,532
Total net assets - end of year	\$	1,739,605	\$	666,616	\$	2,406,221	\$	262,028

Reconciliation to Government-wide Statement of Activities:

Amounts reported for business-type activities in the government-wide Statement of Activities are different because:

Net change in net assets - total business-type funds	\$ 50,919
Net effect of the current fiscal year elimination of	
internal service fund activities.	870
Change in net assets of business-type activities	\$ 51,789

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2008

	Business - Type Activities Enterprise Funds					Governmenta Activities -		
		Sewer		Water				nal Service
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		Fund		Fund		Totals		Fund
Receipts from customers Receipts for interfund services Payments for interfund services	\$	213,399 - (6,888)	\$	240,663 - (7,022)	\$	454,062 - (13,910)	\$	- 55,544 -
Payments to suppliers Payments to employees		(49,794) (41,018)		(67,972) (41,337)		(117,766) (82,355)		(26,470) (9,558)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		115,699		124,332		240,031		19,516
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Operating subsidies and transfers to other funds		43		125		168		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES (Increase)decrease restricted assets Purchases of capital assets Principal and interest paid on		(12,597) (18,028)		(8,497) -		(21,094) (18,028)		- (17,524)
capital debt		(116,775)		(99,857)		(216,632)		
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities		(147,400)		(108,354)		(255,754)		(17,524)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES								
Purchase of investments Interest and dividends		14,043		10,921		24,964		(3,753) 4,022
Net cash provided by investing activities		14,043		10,921		24,964		269
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(17,615)		27,024		9,409		2,261
Balances - beginning of year		79,729		137,655		217,384		16,662
Balances - end of year See accompanying notes to financial state	\$ ements	62,114	\$	164,679	\$	226,793		18,923

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2008

	Business - Type Activities Enterprise Funds						Governmental Activities -	
		Sewer		Water				nal Service
		Fund		Fund		Totals		<u>Fund</u>
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities								
Operating income (loss)	\$	48,955	\$	73,181	\$	122,136	\$	3,474
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities								
Depreciation expense		79,215		69,327		148,542		17,010
(Increase) decrease in assets								
Receivables		(8,463)		(13,043)		(21,506)		-
Increase (decrease) in liabilities		(0.404)		(E 420)		(0.070)		(4.000)
Accounts payables		(3,134)		(5,138)		(8,272)		(1,092)
Accrued expenses		(874)		5		(869)		124
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	115,699	\$	124,332	\$	240,031	\$	19,516

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS COMPONENT UNIT MARCH 31, 2008

	Downtov Developm Authorit	
ASSETS Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net) Internal balances	\$ 	131,270 100,000 154
Total current assets		231,424
Noncurrent assets Capital assets - net		116,752
Total noncurrent assets		116,752
Total Assets	\$	348,176
LIABILITIES Due to other funds Accrued payroll and other liabilities	\$	510 94
Total Liabilities	\$	604
NET ASSETS Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	116,752
Unrestricted		230,908
Total Net Assets	\$	347,660

See accompanying notes to financial statements

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES COMPONENT UNIT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2008

			Program Revenues							
					Оре	erating	Ca	apital		
			Char	ges for	Gran	nts and	Gra	nts and		
Functions/Programs	E	cpenses	Ser	vices	Contr	ributions	Contr	ibutions		
Downtown Development										
Authority										
General government	\$	2,691	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
Community and economic										
development		54,061		-		-		-		
Total Downtown Development										
Authority	\$	56,752	\$	-	\$		\$			

General Revenues

Property taxes
Unrestricted interest and investment earnings

Total general revenues

Change in Net Assets

Net Assets - Beginning of Year

Net Assets - End of Year

Net	(Expense)
Re	venue and
Cł	nanges in
N	et Assets
D	owntown
	velopment
	uthority
\$	(2,691)
	(54,061)
	(55.750)
	(56,752)
	82,868
	3,118
	85,986
	0,500
	29,234
	20,204
	318,426
	3.0,.20
\$	347,660

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2008

NOTE 1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Village of Centreville conform to the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies used by the Village of Centreville:

A. Reporting Entity

An elected six-member council (Board) governs the Village of Centreville. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component unit, for which the government is considered to be financially accountable.

The Downtown Development Authority (DDA), considered to be a discretely presented component unit, is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government. The Downtown Development Authority's purpose is to promote and facilitate capital improvement projects for the downtown district.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities that rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment; and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenue.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. There are no nonmajor governmental funds to report on.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2008

NOTE 1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, expenditures related to debt service, compensated absences, and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it the Village's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

One of the revenue types for which receivables are recorded on the governmental fund balance sheet is property taxes. Property taxes are levied on July 1 on the taxable value of property as of the preceding December 31. Taxes are payable between July 1st and September 15th. After September 15th they are considered delinquent and penalties and interest may be assessed by the Village. It is the Village of Centreville's policy to recognize revenue from the current tax levy in the year when the proceeds of this levy are budgeted and made "available" for the financing of operations. "Available" means collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period (60 days).

The 2007 taxable valuation of the Village of Centreville totaled \$23,680,432 on which ad valorem taxes levied at 12.2461 mills generated \$217,264 for the Village of Centreville's operating purposes.

These amounts are recognized in the respective General and Special Revenue Fund financial statements as taxes receivable – current or as property tax revenue.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The government's primary operating fund, the general fund, accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Major Street Fund accounts for the resources of state gas and weight tax revenues that are restricted for use on major streets, whereas, the Local Street Fund accounts for resources restricted for use on local streets.

There are no nonmajor governmental funds.

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

Water Fund - The Water Fund accounts for revenues generated from charges for distribution of water to the residential and commercial users of the Village.

Sewer Fund - The Sewer Fund accounts for revenues generated from charges for sanitary sewer services provided to the residential and commercial users of the Village.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2008

NOTE 1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Additionally, the government reports the following fund type:

Internal Service Fund The Internal Service Fund accounts for major machinery and equipment purchases and maintenance. The equipment and machinery is rented to other departments of the government.

Private-sector standards of accounting issued prior to December 1, 1989, are generally followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with the standards of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The Village has elected to follow private sector standards issued after November 30, 1989 for its business-type activities.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the Village's water and sewer function and various other functions of the Village. Eliminations of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenue include: (1) charges to customers for goods, services or privileges provided; (2) operating grants and contributions; and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenue rather than as program revenue. Likewise, general revenue includes all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenue and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenue and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of our proprietary funds relate to charges to customers for sales and services. Also, both the water fund and sewer fund recognize the portion of tap fees intended to recover current costs (e.g., labor and materials to hook up new customers) as operating revenue. The portion intended to recover the cost of the infrastructure is recognized as nonoperating revenue. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenue and expenses.

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

Bank deposits and Investments-Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired. Investments are stated at fair value.

Receivables and payables-In general, outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as "advances to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statement as "internal balances."

No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided. Management has evaluated the accounts and believes they are all collectible.

Property taxes are levied on July 1st on the taxable valuation of property as of the preceding December 31st. Taxes are payable between July 1st and September 15th. After September 15th they are considered delinquent at which time penalties and interest are assessed.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2008

NOTE 1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Prepaid Items- Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future fiscal years and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Restricted Assets-Certain monies have been set-aside for specific purposes and are shown as restricted cash on the statement of assets and on the governmental fund statement. The revenue bonds of the enterprise funds require amounts to be set aside for construction, debt service principal and interest, operations and maintenance, and a bond reserve. These amounts have been classified as restricted assets.

Capital Assets-Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, infrastructure assets, (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. The government defines capital assets as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$2,500 and an estimated useful life in excess of 3 years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Interest incurred during the construction of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. During the current year \$0 interest expense was capitalized as part of the cost of assets under construction.

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings	20 - 50 years
Land improvements	20 years
Water and sewer lines	30 - 50 years
Fire hydrants	30 years
Water and sewer equipment	10 – 15 years
Roads	15 years
Sidewalks	30 years
Bridges	50 years
Vehicles	10 years
Office equipment	10 years
Computer equipment	5 years

GASB 34 requires infrastructure acquired, donated, constructed or substantially rehabilitated since fiscal years ending after June 30, 1980 be inventoried and capitalized. Capitalized infrastructure as required by GASB 34 is reported in the statement of net assets.

Long-Term Obligations-In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2008

NOTE 1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Compensated Absences (Vacation and Sick Leave)-It is the Village of Centreville's policy to permit employees to accumulate unused sick days from year to year up to 240 hours. No benefit is paid upon termination of employment; therefore, due to the unpredictable use of this benefit no accrual has been established. It is the Village's policy to not permit employees to accumulate vacation days from year to year.

<u>Fund Equity</u>-In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balances for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Reserves exist for prepaid expenditures as those items will be expended in subsequent years. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

<u>Budgetary Information</u>-Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. Public hearings are held to obtain taxpayer comments before the Village Council approves the budgets. The Council must approve any revisions of the budgets.

The budget documents present information by fund, function, department and line items. The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the governing body is the fund. The village manager is empowered to transfer line-item budget amounts within appropriation centers.

Budgets as presented for the governmental funds are prepared on the modified accrual basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

In the Required Supplemental Information section of the financial statements, the Village's actual expenditures and budgeted expenditures is shown for the governmental funds.

<u>Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations in Budgeted Funds</u> - During the year, the District incurred expenditures in excess of the amounts appropriated in the following budgeted line items:

	Budget	Actual	Excess
Budget item	<u>Appropriation</u>	Expenditure	Expenditure
General Fund			
Village Fire Department	28,638	30,538	1,900
Major Street			
Transfers of state revenues to Local Street	18,000	18,170	170

NOTE 3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Michigan Compiled Laws, Section 129.91, authorizes local government units to make deposits and invest in the following:

- In certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations that have an office in Michigan.
- In bonds, securities and other direct obligations of the United States or any agency or instrumentality of the United States.
- In United States government or federal agency obligation repurchase agreements.
- In banker's acceptance of United States banks.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2008

NOTE 3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

- In commercial paper rated within the two highest classifications that mature not more than 270 days after the date of purchase.
- In obligations of the State of Michigan or its political subdivisions that are rated as investment grade.
- In mutual funds composed of investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

The Village of Centreville Board has designated three banks for the deposit of the Village's funds. The investment policy adopted by the Board in accordance with Public Act 196 of 1997 has authorized investment in bank depository accounts and certificates of deposit, but not the remainder of State statutory authority as listed above. The Village of Centreville's deposits and investment policy are in accordance with statutory authority.

The Village has adopted Governmental Accounting Standard Board Statement (GASBS) No.40 – Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures. GASB No. 40 defines deposits as monies in banks, savings and loan associations, and credit unions. The Village holds the following types of deposits:

- a. Checking Accounts and Demand Deposits.
- b. Savings Accounts and Certificates of Deposit (CDs).

GASB No. 40 defines investments as, a security or other assets acquired primarily for the purpose of obtaining income or profit. These are not monies held with financial institutions and insured by Federal Depository Insurance. No Village monies met this criteria during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2008.

At fiscal year-end, the Village of Centreville's basic financial statements report deposits in the following categories:

	Governmental	Business-Type	Total Primary	Component
	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Government</u>	<u>Unit</u>
Demand deposits	\$175,191	\$212,078	\$ 387,269	\$ 1 31,270
Savings and CDs	<u>577,154</u>	691,931	<u>1,269,085</u>	100,000
Total	<u>\$752.345</u>	<u>\$904,009</u>	<u>\$1,656,354</u>	\$231,270

<u>Custodial Credit Risk-Deposits</u>. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The government does not have a deposit policy for custodian credit risk. As of March 31, 2008, the government's bank balance reflects \$1,623,465 of deposits with \$1,223,465 exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized. The bank's balance for checking of \$409,932 does not reflect \$26,168 of outstanding checks or \$18,835 of deposits in transit at March 31, 2008. The component unit's bank balance deposits total \$227,387 of which \$200,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$-0- was collateralized. There was \$3,883 of outstanding deposits at March 31, 2008.

Interest rate risk-Investments. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The Village holds no investments as defined above but rather invests in certificates of deposit (CD's). The Village presently is invested in \$1,007,604 of CD's with maturity dates of less than 1 year. Currently the Village is investing in short-term holdings thus reducing the interest rate risk.

<u>Credit Risk-Investments</u>. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. The Village's demand deposits are all with local banks.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk.</u> The Village places no limit on the amount the Village may invest in any one of the three approved banks.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2008

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

The following summarizes the changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2008:

Governmental Activities	Balance			Balance
	April 1,		_	March 31,
Capital assets not being	<u>2007</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>2008</u>
depreciated:				
Land	<u>\$ 136,871</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 136,871</u>
Capital assets being				
depreciated:				
Land	e 04.000	•	c	C 04.000
Improvements	\$ 24,809	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 24,809
Buildings	45,389	-	-	45,389
Buildings-Internal	400.004	4.000		405 444
Service Pool	100,221	4,920	-	105,141
Infrastructure	342,551	84,342	-	426,893
Equipment –Internal	00.004	40.000		05.004
Service Pool	82,661	12,603	•	95,264
Equipment	40,423	-	-	40,423
Office equipment	17,726	-	-	17,726
Vehicles-Internal	149.266			449.000
Service Pool	148,366	-	40.470	148,366
Vehicles	635,292		<u>16,178</u>	619,114
Subtotal	<u>1,437,438</u>	<u> 101,865</u>	<u>16,178</u>	<u>1,523,125</u>
Less Accumulated				
depreciation for:				
Land	5.005	4.044		2 222
Improvements	5,685	1,241	-	6,926
Buildings	28,456	908	-	29,364
Buildings-Internal	40.070	2.050		00.000
Service Pool	18,672	2,250	-	20,922
Infrastructure	64,948	29,185	-	94,133
Equipment-Internal Service Pool	63,303	5,152		68,455
Equipment	37,063	709		37,772
Office equipment	15,476	643	•	16,119
Vehicles-Internal	15,470	043	•	10,119
Service Pool	84,159	9,608		93,797
Vehicles	249,418	30,954	<u>_16,178</u>	264,194
Vernoies	249,410		10,170	<u> 204, 194</u>
Subtotal	<u>567,180</u>	80,650	<u> 16,178</u>	<u>631,652</u>
Net capital assets being				
depreciated:	<u>870,258</u>	<u>21,215</u>		<u>891,473</u>
Governmental Activities				
Total Capital Assets-				
Net of depreciation	<u>\$1,007,129</u>	<u>\$ 21,215</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$1,028,344</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2008

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Business-type Activities	Balance April 1, <u>2007</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	Balance March 31, 2008
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land and land improvements	\$ 154, <u>526</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 154, <u>526</u>
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	4,522	_	_	4,522
Sewage system	3,847,117	18,028	_	3,865,145
Wells, mains,	3,047,117	10,020	_	3,003,143
Equipment	2,916,356			2,916,356
		-	-	
Office equipment	<u> 2,857</u>	-		2,857
Subtotal	6,770,852	18,028	<u>\$ -</u>	6,788,880
Less Accumulated				
Depreciation for:				
Buildings	4,522	_	_	4,522
Sewage system	1,533,726	79,215	_	1,612,941
Wells, mains,	1,000,720	70,210		1,012,041
equipment	1,054,911	69,327		1,124,238
		09,327	•	
Office equipment	2,857	140.540		2,857
Subtotal	<u>2,596,016</u>	<u> 148,542</u>		<u>2,744,558</u>
Net Capital Assets				
being depreciated	4,174,836	(130,514)	_	4,044,322
being depressated	4,114,000	(100,014)		<u> </u>
Total Business-Type Capital Assets – Net				
of Depreciation	\$4,329,362	\$(130,514)	\$	\$4,198,848
or Bepresiation	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	¥	<u> </u>
Depreciation expense was c	harged to prograr	ns of the primary govern	nment as follows:	
Governmental Activities				
Public Safety			\$ 31,663	
Public Works			29,185	
Unallocated			2,792	
Internal service			<u>17,010</u>	
Total Governmental Activitie	S		\$ 80,650	
Business-Type Activities				
Water			\$ 69,327	
Sewer			79,215	
Total Business-Type Activitie	26		\$148,542	
Total Dusiness-Type Activitie			WITU, JTE	

<u>Construction Commitments</u> – In March 2008, the Village awarded a bid to Peerless Midwest for replacement of well #2 for \$44,375 and a bid to Brussee/Brady for \$37,400 for well house expansion. <u>Downtown Development Authority</u> -The authority has no commitments or projects in process at year-end.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2008

NOTE 5 INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund balances is as follows:

Receivable Fund Due To	Payable Fund Due From	<u>Amount</u>
Due 10	Dae i toill	
General Fund	Sewer Fund	\$ 84
General Fund	Water Fund	84
Local Street Fund	Major Street Fund	1,830
Sewer Fund	Water Fund	41

Due To Due From

Primary Government - Component unit-

General Fund Downtown Development Authority \$ 510

The General Fund has a receivable due from the Downtown Development Authority (DDA) for expenditures paid on behalf of the DDA.

Interfund Transfers

The Major Street fund transferred \$18,170 to the Local Street fund which represents the allowable transfer of 25% of State revenue sharing funds.

NOTE 6 NOTE PAYABLE

There were no short-term borrowings during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2008.



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2008

NOTE 7 LONG-TERM DEBT

In 1998 the Village issued revenue bonds to provide for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. These bonds involve a pledge of specific income derived from the acquired or constructed assets to pay debt service.

Bond and contractual obligation activity can be summarized as follows:

Business-Type Activities Revenue bonds through the Michigan Municipal Bond Authority	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Additions (Reductions)	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
1998 Water Supply System \$1,900,000 bond; 4.75% interest; maturing April 2038.	\$1,609,000	\$ (24,000)	\$1,585,000	\$ 24,000
1998 Sewage Treatment System; \$1,900,540 bonds; 2.25% interest; maturing October 2018	1,235,000	(90,000)	<u>1,145,000</u>	95,000
Total Business-Type Activities	<u>\$2,844,000</u>	<u>\$(114,000</u>)	\$2,730,000	\$119,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the above obligations are as follows:

	Business-Type			
Year End March 31	<u>Principa</u> l	<u>Interest</u>		
2009	119,000	99,411		
2010	120,000	96,113		
2011	122,000	92,738		
2012	128,000	89,238		
2013-2017	691,000	389,581		
2018-2022	432,000	295,543		
2023-2027	255,000	236,336		
2028-2032	322,000	168,198		
2033-2037	406,000	82,080		
2038-2039	<u> 135,000</u>	<u>5,201</u>		
Total debt service	\$2,730,000	\$1.554,439		

NOTE 8 RISK MANAGEMENT

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions and employee injuries (workers' compensation), as well as medical benefits provided to employees. The Village has purchased commercial insurance for workers' compensation and liability claims. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. At fiscal year end there are no outstanding claims.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2008

NOTE 9 DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

The Village maintains a defined contribution plan for substantially all full-time employees. The Village contributes 4% of eligible employees' compensation. For fiscal year ended March 31, 2008, the Village contributed \$6,865 to the plan.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2008

		Original Budget	A	mended Budget		Actual	(Un Var	avorable favorable) iance with ided budget
Resources (inflows)	\$	259,856	\$	259,856	\$	223,844	\$	(36.012)
Real and personal property taxes State grants	Φ	152,000	Φ	152,000	Φ	153,506	Ð	(36,012) 1,506
Operating contributions		14,400		14,400		11,410		(2,990)
Licenses and permits		10,260		10,260		8,336		(1,924)
Fines and forfeitures		6,000		6,000		3,335		(2,665)
Charges for services		85,354		79,995		69,584		(10,411)
Interest and rentals		4,000		4,000		2,908		(1,092)
Miscellaneous revenues		5,300		5,300		7,298		1,998
Misserial Code Fovenides		0,000		0,000		7,200		1,500
Amounts available for appropriations		537,170		531,811		480,221		(51,590)
Charges to appropriations (outflows) General government								
Council		5,426		5,426		5,426		-
Village president		1,292		1,292		1,292		-
Village manager		39,636		39,636		38,319		1,317
Clerk		1,982		1,982		1,617		365
Treasurer		4,445		4,445		4,334		111
Hall & grounds		186,035		186,635		135,741		50,894
Community planning and								
development		1,854		1,854		1,213		641
Public safety								
Village property		26,300		26,300		24,886		1,414
Law enforcement		166,904		166,904		155,751		11,153
Crossing guards		2,100		2,100		1,694		406
Fire protection		110,960		100,073		91,557		8,516
Health and Fire								
Rescue		21,018		21,018		16,799		4,219
Total charges to appropriations		567,952		557,665		478,629		79,036
Excess (deficiency) of resources over								
charges to appropriations		(30,782)		(25,854)		1,592		27,446
Beginning of Year Fund Balance		121,661		101,669		136,636		
End of Year Fund Balance	\$	90,879	\$	75,815	\$	138,228	\$	27,446

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE MAJOR STREET FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2008

								avorable favorable)
	Original Budget		Amended Budget		Actual		Variance with Amended budget	
Resources (inflows)								
State shared revenue	\$	72,000	\$	72,000	\$	72,681	\$	681
Interest income		8,000		8,000		11,033		3,033
Reimbursements						761		761
Amounts available for appropriations		80,000		80,000		84,475		4,475
Charges to appropriations (outflows)								
General government								
Village manager		3,100		3,100		2,992		108
Public works								
Street maintenance		28,919		48,361		41,386		6,975
Winter maintenance		5,437		12,537		7,729		4,808
Transfers to other funds		18,000		18,000		18,170		(170)
Total charges to appropriations		55,456		81,998		70,277		11,721
Excess (deficiency) of resources over								
charges to appropriations		24,544		(1,998)		14,198		16,196
Beginning of Year Fund Balance		272,101		272,101		272,101		
End of Year Fund Balance	\$	296,645	\$	270,103	\$	286,299	\$	16,196

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE LOCAL STREET FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2008

		Original Budget		Amended Budget		Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable) Variance with Amended budget	
Resources (inflows)								
Millage/local roads	\$	16,000	\$	16,000	\$	23,722	\$	7,722
Interest/penalties on taxes		-		-		-		-
State shared revenue		32,000		32,000		31,415		(585)
Interest income		8,000		8,000		8,648		648
Miscellaneous revenues		-		-		-		-
Transfers in from other funds		18,000		18,000		18,170		170
Amounts available for appropriations		74,000		74,000		81,955		7,955
Charges to appropriations (outflows) General government								
Village manager		3,100		3,100		2,992		108
Public works								
Street maintenance		82,766		128,148		123,903		4,245
Winter maintenance		5,274		11,674		7,538		4,136
Total charges to appropriations		91,140		142,922		134,433		8,489
Excess (deficiency) of resources over								
charges to appropriations		(17,140)		(68,922)		(52,478)		16,444
Beginning of Year Fund Balance		256,247		256,247		256,247		
End of Year Fund Balance	\$	239,107	\$	187,325	\$	203,769	\$	16,444



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Members of the Village Board and the Village Manager Village of Centreville, Michigan

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, and each major fund of the Village of Centreville as of and for the year ended March 31, 2008, which collectively comprise the Village of Centreville's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated August 1, 2008. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit we considered the Village of Centreville's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or a combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the Village's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the Village's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the Village's internal control. We noted one significant deficiency that is discussed below.

Segregation of Duties

Segregation of duties increases the likelihood that intentional or unintentional error will not go undetected in the normal course of employees performing their duties. Proper segregation of duties between persons who create utility billings, collect cash for those billings and prepare bank deposits does not always exist.

We understand that the size of the staff needed for proper segregation of duties may be impractical and unaffordable by a village this size.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of Management, the Village Council, and others within this organization, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the Village's internal control.

Norman & Paulsen, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

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 Patrick J. Monahan, CPA
 Bruce S. A. Gosling, CPA
 Michael R. Wilson, CPA
 Rick L. Strawser, CPA
 Jerrel T. Norman (1941-1982)

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the Village of Centreville, in a separate letter dated August 1, 2008.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Village Council, others within the organization, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Norman & Paulsen, P.C.

Known & Pankson

Three Rivers, Michigan

August 1, 2008